

## WAS IN THE HALL HERE.

### A Minnesota Fraud Nabbed and Taken Home.

### THE MALICIOUS MISCHIEF CASE.

### The Alleged Embezzler Taken to Los Angeles—The Ainsworth Case Dismissed—Other Legal Light.

A few days ago Marshal Parsons received a telegram from the authorities in Minnesota stating that George H. Vencamp was under indictment in that state for using the United States mails for defrauding divers persons by sending through the mails letters giving information concerning a pretended lottery. The indictment was found on January 31, 1890, and the offense was alleged to have been committed at Kenosha, Wisconsin. The marshal was informed that Vencamp was in Salt Lake and was requested to arrest him.

This information was placed in Deputy Marshal Cannon's hands, and he soon found that his man was here and engaged in the painting business. He arrested him on Tuesday night, and Vencamp was taken before Commissioner Greenman yesterday morning and his bond fixed at \$5,000. He was unable to give bail, and later in the day an order was obtained in the district court for his removal, and an officer will start with him for Minnesota to-day.

**Quashed For Malicious Mischief.**  
William Cook, an old man who resides in the Twenty-first ward, was tried before Commissioner Norrell yesterday on the charge of malicious mischief. The evidence showed that at some time in the past the defendant bought a piece of land from Mr. Picknell. Some three years ago a government survey was made and part of Mr. Cook's land was found to be within the reservation. Mr. Cook said nothing about this until a few days ago, when he proceeded to tear down Picknell's fence and going upon the latter's land, cut down a number of fruit trees, his idea being to take a piece of land equivalent to that declared to be within the reservation. He was adjudged guilty and assessed \$1 and costs, amounting in all to \$3.25.

**The Alleged Embezzlement Case.**  
James Moore, who was arrested recently on the charge of embezzlement, alleged to have been committed at Los Angeles, left for that place last evening in custody of Deputy Marshal Springer. Mr. Moore has for some time past been engaged as bookkeeper for Walker Bros., and before coming here was bookkeeper for a Los Angeles bank. He says that if there is any deficiency in his accounts that it is due to a clerical error, and claims to be able to establish that fact. His friends here do not appear to have lost confidence in him because of his arrest.

**The Case Against Ainsworth Dismissed.**  
The case of Clinton Ainsworth, charged with failing to support his minor child, came up before Commissioner Pratt yesterday afternoon. The child is the daughter of Matilda Nielson, who alleges that Ainsworth is its father, and is now under indictment for fornication alleged to have been committed with her. Judge Powers, the defendant's attorney, while not admitting that his client was the father of the child, took the ground that even if that were so, there was no statute requiring a person to care for an illegitimate child. The court took the same view of the matter and the complaint was dismissed.

**In the Supreme Court.**  
In the supreme court yesterday the case of Vance vs. Whalen, involving about five thousand dollars, was argued and submitted.

### JUDGE LANEY'S SCALES.

### Stealing an Awning—Camping in City Creek Canyon—The Opium Joint Keeper.

Thomas Jones, charged with stealing an awning belonging to Sears & Carlson, was tried in the police court yesterday and found guilty. He was sent up for one hundred days.

John McLaughlin, an employment agent, pleaded guilty to the charge of assault and was fined \$10.

Walter Porcher and Jack Jones were tried for camping in City Creek canyon, and the case was taken under advisement.

Alex Brigan paid \$5 for indulging in a drunk.

Herman Roberts will be tried to-day for vagrancy.

W. Daggett, a barkeeper at Elbridge Tuff's saloon, was found guilty of battery upon Peter Robertson and will be sentenced to-day.

The case of Si Kee, the Chinaman who was arrested on Tuesday for keeping an opium joint near Commercial street, was taken up in the afternoon and will be concluded this morning.

### THE SUPREME COURT.

### The New Rules Adopted and Now in Force.

The following rules are adopted by the supreme court, to take effect June 10, 1890:

Rule 1—The clerk of this court shall keep his office at the place where sessions of this court are held. Three days before the first day of each term he shall prepare a calendar for each member of the court and one for the bar, wherein the causes brought into this court shall be entered in the following order, viz: 1—Causes arising under the laws of the state; 2—Criminal cases arising under the laws of the territory; 3—All other causes in the order of the filing of the transcript. In the title of all cases in this court, the plaintiff in the court below shall be first named, being called applicant or respondent as the case may be.

Rule 2—In all cases where an appeal shall be perfected a transcript of the record shall be filed in this court within ten days after such appeal shall have been perfected, unless further time is given by this court or a justice thereof. This transcript shall be certified to be correct by the attorneys of the respective parties, or by the clerk of the court from which the appeal is taken. The pleadings, proceedings and papers shall be chronologically arranged in the transcript, and the pages of said transcript shall be numbered and the transcript shall be prefaced with an alphabetical index, specifying the page on which each separate paper, pleading, proceeding and the testimony of each witness is found. Provided that the appellant or his attorney may by giving notice to the clerk of the filing of the transcript, cause the transcript to be filed in the order of the case, and in such case the record shall be found in the transcript in the order in which the case is filed, and if unnecessarily voluminous, the cost of the transcript shall be taxed against him.

Rule 3—If the transcript is not filed within the time prescribed or allowed, the appeal may be dismissed on motion during the first week of the term without notice, and at any time afterwards upon notice; a cause so dismissed without notice may be restored and retried the same term on notice of five days to the adverse party and for good cause shown; but unless so restored, the dismissal shall be final.

Rule 4—On such motion there shall be presented to the court the certificate of the clerk of the court below, under the seal of such court, certifying the amount and character of the judgment, the date of its rendition, the fact and date of the filing of the transcript, and the fact, date and mode of service thereof, the fact and date of the filing of the transcript on appeal and that the same is in the form and substance of the transcript as he has failed to request one, or has failed to pay the legal fees therefor, if the same were demanded; but in case the transcript has been certified to be correct by the attorneys of the respective parties, the fact and date thereof may be shown by any one of them by affidavit.

Rule 5—For the purpose of correcting any error or defect in the transcript, either party may suggest the same in writing to this court, specifying such error or defect, and obtain an order that the proper clerk certify the whole or part of the record, as may be required; or the same may be corrected by stipulation of counsel in open court before argument. If the attorney of the adverse party be not present, or if the fact of the filing of the transcript is not verified by him, the suggestion must be accompanied by an affidavit showing the existence of the error or defect alleged.

Rule 6—The appellant shall, within fifteen days of the filing of the transcript, prepare and

file with the court eight copies of a printed abstract of the record in each case, in which shall be set forth the title of the case, with the date of the filing of the transcript in the court below, and a brief statement of the contents of each pleading, and shall set forth fully the substance of the pleading, and evidence, if any, and the points relied upon for the reversal of the judgment or decree, and appellant shall refer to the page numbers in the transcript on the margin of the abstract in such manner that orders, pleadings and evidence referred to in the abstract may be easily found in the record.

Rule 7—The respondent's counsel may, if he be not satisfied with the abstract or abridgment of the record by the appellant's counsel, within fifteen days after the same is filed, file with the clerk eight copies of such further abstract as he may deem necessary to fully understand of the merits of the case.

Rule 8—In case the appellant shall neglect to file an abstract in compliance with the rules of this court, the opposite party may file the abstract and prepare the case for a hearing on the merits and have the costs taxed therefor, or the court may dismiss the appeal; and if the abstract filed shall not present the parts of the record to which reference is made in the assignment of errors, the appeal may be dismissed.

Rule 9—For good cause shown, the court, or any justice thereof, may extend the time for the filing of transcripts and abstracts.

Rule 10—The attorney for the appellant shall serve on the attorney for the respondent a copy of his points and authorities in the form of a printed brief, at least ten days before the hearing, and within five days thereafter on the counsel for the respondent shall serve upon appellant's counsel a like copy of his points and authorities, and before the hearing, the attorneys for each of the respective parties shall file with the clerk of this court eight copies of his brief, and the appellant in his brief shall plainly and distinctly set forth the particular errors upon which he relies for a reversal of the judgment of the court below.

Rule 11—All abstracts of the record and briefs hereafter filed in this court shall be printed on unruled white paper of the size and style now used in the Supreme court of the United States, and in small piec type with one inch for margin, but by leave of court or one of the justices thereof a brief (and in criminal cases an abstract) of another character may be filed.

Rule 12—All technical objections affecting the rights of the appellant to be heard on the merits of a cause, must be taken at the first term or adjourned term after the abstract is filed, and must be specified in writing filed at least one day before the cause is called for argument, or will not be regarded. Such objections must be presented to the court before any argument upon the merits.

Rule 13—Cases appealed into this court will not be heard at any particular term unless the abstract of the record shall be filed before the commencement of such term, or unless the appellant shall in writing present a satisfactory excuse for not having filed the abstract before the commencement of the term; but this rule shall not apply to cases docketed for the purpose of obtaining a writ of habeas corpus.

Rule 14—All motions shall be in writing, subscribed by counsel and filed with the clerk, and in case where a notice of motion is required, the time prescribed therefor may be shortened by any justice of the court as well as the court.

Rule 15—All stipulations and agreements of parties or their attorneys in respect to a cause shall be reduced to writing, signed by them and filed with the clerk, or stated in open court and entered by the clerk; otherwise the same will be disregarded. Counsel obtaining any order or judgment may be required by the clerk to furnish him the form of the same.

Rule 16—Any cause may be submitted on brief by stipulation, and either party may submit a cause on his behalf on brief filed and without oral argument.

Rule 17—Counsel for each party shall be allowed one hour, to be divided among associates as they may desire, but the court in special cases will allow further time. Each defendant who appeared separately in the court below, and an intervenor, may be heard through his own counsel.

Rule 18—All opinions of the court after having been finally corrected shall be filed and recorded by the clerk, and his fees therefor shall be taxed as a part of the costs.

Rule 19—No papers shall be taken from the files of this court, excepting by leave of court or one of the justices thereof; but applicants may withdraw the transcript of the record for the purpose of making an abstract, upon giving a receipt therefor to the clerk; and upon such withdrawal may retain the same for eight days but no more unless upon the written order of one of the justices of the supreme court. If the respondent shall desire to make an abstract of the record, he may withdraw the transcript upon giving the like receipt and retain the same for the like time. But neither party shall withdraw the transcript more than once. All records and papers of said court shall be open to inspection by the public, and any person may procure or make copies thereof.

Rule 20—Application for rehearing any cause shall be by petition to the court, signed by counsel, briefly stating the points wherein it is alleged the court has erred; such petition to be filed within twenty days after the filing of the opinion in the case. Counsel shall accompany such petition with a brief of the authorities relied upon in support thereof, and a certificate required by law. The filing of a petition for a rehearing shall suspend proceedings under the decision until the petition for a rehearing is disposed of. Upon the determination of a petition for a rehearing, or where, on notice to the party against which the judgment is entered in any case, the party does not signify an intention to move for rehearing, the clerk shall issue a writ of certiorari to the court below, or if an original proceeding, a copy of the final judgment upon payment of the balance of costs, if any, due to the clerk in the cause.

Rule 21—The clerks of district courts shall be entitled to receive the fees allowed by law for all transcripts of records, and also any balance of costs due in the cause, before delivering the same, except in criminal cases where the defendants are unable to pay for transcripts of the record and the trial judge shall have ordered the same to be furnished without cost, except in criminal cases where the plaintiff is appointed.

Rule 22—Whenever an action shall be brought into this court the party so bringing the cause shall pay to the clerk the usual and reasonable deposit required by him to pay the costs as they accrue. Provided that if, upon the final determination of any case, there shall remain in the hands of the clerk any balance of deposit in excess of costs, it may be returned to the party entitled thereto.

Rule 23—There shall be appointed at the beginning of each term of this court a standing committee of three members of the bar of this court, whose duty it shall be to examine and report in writing upon the qualifications of every applicant for admission to the bar of this court, who is required to be examined.

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Men's Brown and Gray Linen Dusters,	1.00 each
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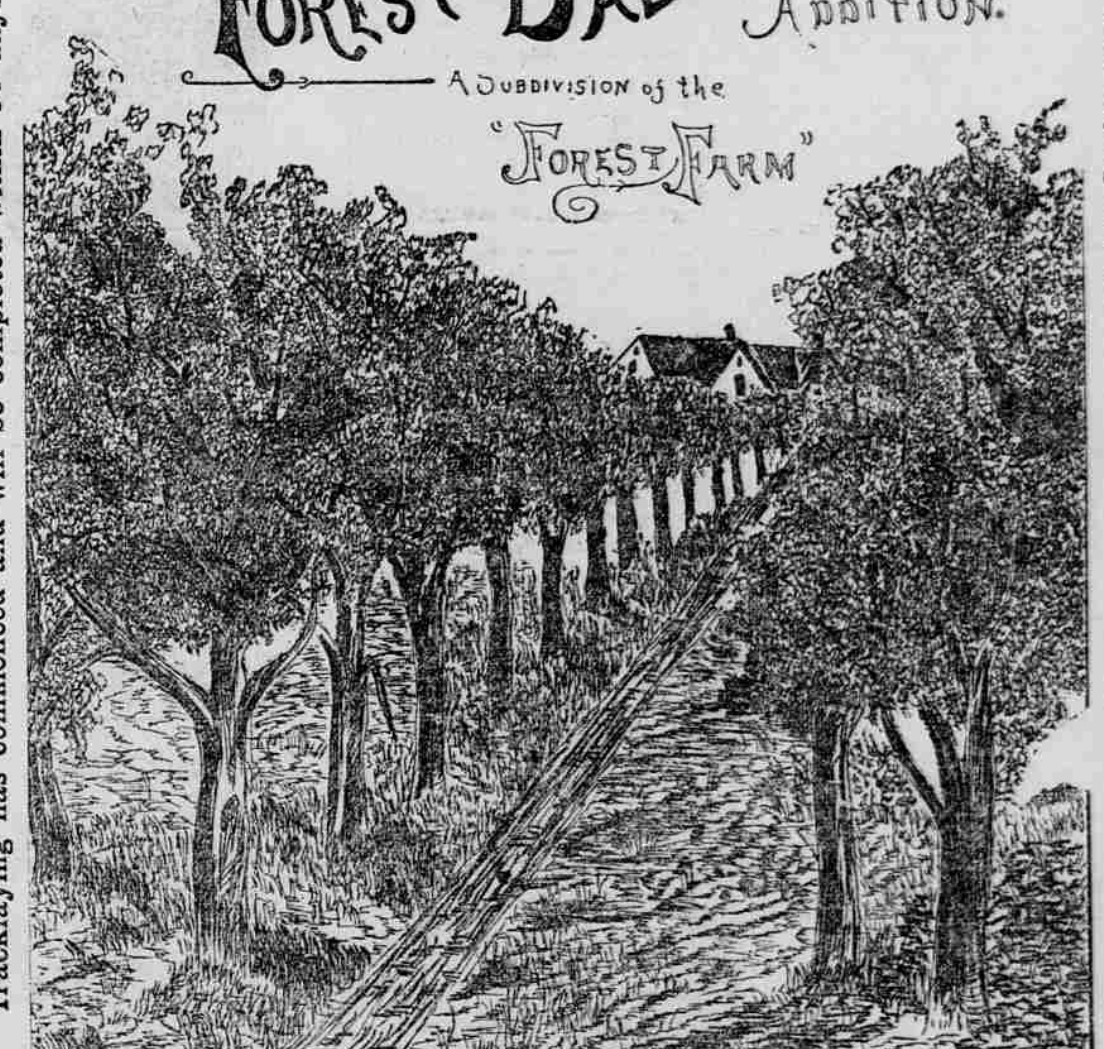
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